

P. 118 # 4, 5

4) a. 4: 1, 2,  $\textcircled{4}$   
12: 1, 2, 3,  $\textcircled{4}$ , 6, 12

b. 14: 1, 2,  $\textcircled{7}$ , 14  
21: 1, 3,  $\textcircled{7}$ , 21

c. 8: 1, 2, 4,  $\textcircled{8}$   
16: 1, 2, 4,  $\textcircled{8}$ , 16

d. 6: 1, 2,  $\textcircled{3}$ , 6  
9: 1,  $\textcircled{3}$ , 9

e. 10: 1, 2,  $\textcircled{5}$ , 10  
15: 1, 3,  $\textcircled{5}$ , 15

f. 18: 1, 2, 3,  $\textcircled{6}$ , 9, 18  
24: 1, 2, 3, 4,  $\textcircled{6}$ , 8, 12, 24

5)  $\frac{\cancel{5}^1}{\cancel{6}_2} \times \frac{\cancel{3}^1}{\cancel{20}_4} = \frac{1}{8}$

$\frac{5}{6}$  est environ 1,  $\frac{3}{20}$  est vraiment petit (environ 0)  
donc  $\frac{5}{6} \times \frac{3}{20}$  est proche de 0.

P. 119 # 7, 8, 9, 11, 14

7) a.  $\frac{3}{4_1} \times \frac{8^2}{5} = \frac{6}{5}$  or  $1\frac{1}{5}$

b.  $\frac{1}{3_1} \times \frac{9^3}{10} = \frac{3}{10}$

c.  $\frac{17}{5_1} \times \frac{15^3}{213} = \frac{3}{3} = 1$

d.  $\frac{5}{9_3} \times \frac{31}{5_1} = \frac{1}{3}$

e.  $\frac{2}{39} \times \frac{15^5}{42} = \frac{5}{6}$

f.  $\frac{7}{13} \times \frac{9^3}{142} = \frac{3}{2}$

8) a.  $\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{2}{3_1} = \frac{2}{5}$

b.  $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{5}{10} = \frac{5}{20} = \frac{1}{4}$

c.  $\frac{1}{6} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{24}$

d.  $\frac{13}{8} \times \frac{3}{2} = \frac{39}{16}$

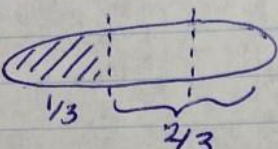
e.  $\frac{5}{4} \times \frac{11}{102} = \frac{11}{8}$

f.  $\frac{7}{3} \times \frac{7}{8} = \frac{49}{24}$

Milroy



$$9) a. \frac{3}{8} \times \frac{1}{4} = \boxed{\frac{3}{32}}$$

b.   $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{2}{3} = \boxed{\frac{1}{6}}$

$$11) \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{3}{4} = \frac{5}{8}$$

$$1 - \frac{5}{8} \Rightarrow \frac{8}{8} - \frac{5}{8} = \boxed{\frac{3}{8}}$$

$$14) \begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{7}{12} \\ \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{12} \end{array} \rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} \\ \frac{4}{12} + \frac{3}{12} = \frac{7}{12} \end{array} \right.$$